

## Lithium Niobate Crystal (LiNbO<sub>3</sub>)

### Introduction

LiNbO<sub>3</sub> Crystal is widely used as frequency doublers for wavelength >1μm and optical parametric oscillators (OPOs) pumped at 1064 nm as well as quasi-phase-matched (QPM) devices. Additionally due to its large Electro-Optic(E-O) and Acousto-Optic(A-O) coefficients, LiNbO<sub>3</sub> crystal is the most commonly used material for Pockel Cells, Q-switches and phase modulators, waveguide substrate, and surface acoustic wave(SAW) wafers, etc. **CASTECH** can provide LiNbO<sub>3</sub> crystals with high quality and large size for all these applications.

### Structural and Physical Properties of LiNbO<sub>3</sub>

Crystal Structure:	Trigonal, Space group R3c, Point group 3m
Cell Parameters:	a=5.148 Å, c=13.863 Å
Melting Point:	1253°C
Curie Temperature:	1140°C
Mohs Hardness:	5
Density:	4.64 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Elastic Stiffness Coefficients	$C_{11}^E = 2.33(\times 10^{11} \text{N/m}^2)$ $C_{33}^E = 2.77(\times 10^{11} \text{N/m}^2)$

### Optical and Electro-optical Properties of LiNbO<sub>3</sub>

Transparency Range:	420-5200nm
Optical Homogeneity:	$\sim 5 \times 10^{-5} / \text{cm}$
Refractive indices at 1064nm:	$n_e = 2.146, n_o = 2.220 @ 1300 \text{ nm}$ $n_e = 2.156, n_o = 2.232 @ 1064 \text{ nm}$ $n_e = 2.203, n_o = 2.286 @ 632.8 \text{ nm}$
NLO Coefficients:	$d_{33} = 86 \times d_{36} \text{ (KDP)}$ $d_{31} = 11.6 \times d_{36} \text{ (KDP)}$ $d_{22} = 5.6 \times d_{36} \text{ (KDP)}$
Effective NLO Coefficients:	$d_{\text{eff}}(\text{I}) = d_{31} \sin\theta - d_{22} \cos\theta \sin 3\phi$ $d_{\text{eff}}(\text{II}) = d_{22} \cos^2\theta \cos 3\phi$
Electro-Optic Coefficients	$\gamma_{33}^T = 32 \text{ pm/V}, \gamma_{33}^S = 31 \text{ pm/V},$ $\gamma_{31}^T = 10 \text{ pm/V}, \gamma_{31}^S = 8.6 \text{ pm/V},$ $\gamma_{22}^T = 6.8 \text{ pm/V}, \gamma_{22}^S = 3.4 \text{ pm/V},$
Half-Wave Voltage, DC Electrical field // z, light ⊥ z: Electrical field // x or y, light // z:	3.03 KV 4.02 KV
Damage Threshold	100 MW/cm <sup>2</sup> (10 ns, 1064nm)

## Thermal and Electrical Properties of LiNbO<sub>3</sub>

Melting Point:	1250°C
Curie Temperature:	1140°C
Thermal Conductivity:	38W/m/K @25°C
Thermal Expansion Coefficients (at 25°C):	//a, $2.0 \times 10^{-6}/K$ //c, $2.2 \times 10^{-6}/K$
Resistivity:	$2 \times 10^{-6} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ @200°C
Dielectric Constants:	$\epsilon_{11}^S / \epsilon_0 = 43$ $\epsilon_{11}^T / \epsilon_0 = 78$ $\epsilon_{33}^S / \epsilon_0 = 28$ $\epsilon_{33}^T / \epsilon_0 = 32$
Piezoelectric Strain Constant:	$D_{22} = 2.04 (\times 10^{-11} \text{C/N})$ $D_{33} = 19.22 (\times 10^{-11} \text{C/N})$

### The Sellmeier equations ( $\lambda$ in $\mu\text{m}$ ) :

$$n_o^2 = 4.9048 + 0.11768 / (\lambda^2 - 0.04750) - 0.027169\lambda^2$$

$$n_c^2 = 4.5820 + 0.099169 / (\lambda^2 - 0.04443) - 0.02195\lambda^2$$

## Specifications

- Transmitting wavefront distortion: less than  $\lambda/4$  @ 633 nm
- Dimension tolerance: (W  $\pm$  0.1 mm) x (H  $\pm$  0.1 mm) x (L  $\pm$  0.2mm)
- Clear aperture: > 90% central area
- Flatness:  $\lambda/8$  @ 633 nm
- Scratch/Dig code: 20/10 to MIL-PRF-13830B
- Parallelism: better than 20 arc seconds
- Perpendicularity: 5 arc minutes
- Angle tolerance:  $< \pm 0.5^\circ$
- AR coating: dual wave band AR coating at 1064/532 nm on both surfaces, with R < 0.2% at 1064nm and R < 0.5% at 532nm per surface.

Other coatings are available upon request.